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House of Representatives

The House met at 9 a.m. and was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. SIRES).

DESIGNATION OF SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker:

> WASHINGTON, DC, October 30, 2007.

I hereby appoint the Honorable Albio SIRES to act as Speaker pro tempore on this

NANCY PELOSI,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

MORNING-HOUR DEBATE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the order of the House of January 4, 2007, the Chair will now recognize Members from lists submitted by the majority and minority leaders for morning-hour debate.

The Chair will alternate recognition between the parties, with each party limited to 25 minutes and each Member, other than the majority and minority leaders and the minority whip, limited to 5 minutes, but in no event shall debate continue beyond 9:50 a.m.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until 10

Accordingly (at 9 o'clock and 3 minutes a.m.), the House stood in recess until 10 a.m.

□ 1000

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mrs. Tauscher) at 10 a.m.

PRAYER The Chaplain, the Reverend Daniel P. Coughlin, offered the following prayer:

Lord God, we seek Your guidance and protection; yet, we are often reluctant to bend to Your ways. Help us to understand the patterns of Your creative hand. In the miracle of life and the transformation to light, You show us Your awesome wonder. Both the changing seasons and the dawning of each day reveal for us Your subtle but consistent movement during every moment of life.

Without a screeching halt or sudden curtain, You change darkness into light and provide a new day. Only week after week does Mother Earth strip herself and then blanket herself for winter. Guide us to imitate Your silent but relentless plan of transcendence.

Through the gradual building of consensus and the hard work toward responsible transition, may Your people all over the globalized world tire of competition and war and awaken to new ways of interdependence and peace.

For this we pray, now and forever. Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House her approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Will the gentleman from Louisiana BOUSTANY) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. BOUSTANY led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Repub-

lic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

EFFECTS OF ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX

(Mr. ISRAEL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his re-

Mr. ISRAEL. Madam Speaker, one of the greatest financial assaults on America's middle class is the alternative minimum tax. Originally, it was meant to ensure that several dozen of the richest families in America paid their fair share of taxes, but it wasn't indexed for inflation, so it's robbing middle class taxpayers, like our union members, our cops, firefighters, teachers and nurses. Now, after too long, finally a real effort at reform is developing.

The Ways and Means Committee majority has unveiled a repeal of the AMT. Now, it's too early for me to say that I agree with every single element of this proposal. I am convening a panel of experts to assess it. But I am pleased that finally we are seriously addressing this middle-class rip-off. I want to thank Chairman RANGEL. I hope to work closely with him in achieving real reform and real relief for America's working families and middle-class taxpayers.

R&D TAX CREDIT

(Mr. ROSKAM asked and was given permission to address the House for 1

Mr. ROSKAM. Madam Speaker, I rise today to raise awareness of the imminent need for Congress to extend and make permanent the research and development tax credit. The R&D tax credit is set to expire at the end of this At a time of increasing globalization, America's prosperity depends more than ever on its capacity to

☐ This symbol represents the time of day during the House proceedings, e.g., ☐ 1407 is 2:07 p.m.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.



innovate. For decades, our Nation's leadership in research has led to discoveries that have dramatically improved living standards around the world and given rise to new industries that have in turn created millions of new jobs.

Other countries are well aware of the significant economic benefits that flow from R&D activities, and many have created strong tax incentives designed to attract R&D investment around the world. In fact, 10,000 American companies will be able to take advantage of the permanency of the R&D tax credit. In my district alone, small and medium manufacturers, technology companies and leading research institutions will greatly benefit from this tax credit.

Let's not play politics with the lifeblood of our economy. Let's join together, both sides of the aisle, to extend the R&D tax credit.

SPENDING FOR CHIP VERSUS SPENDING IN IRAQ—THIS IS A QUESTION OF PRIORITIES

(Mr. BRALEY of Iowa asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BRALEY of Iowa. Madam Speaker, the American people agree with the Democratic Congress: It is time to begin responsibly redeploying our troops from Iraq and investing muchneeded funds here at home. Instead of beginning to spend less money in Iraq, the President is once again asking Congress to do more; a lot more.

Just last week, President Bush increased his request for additional Iraq funding to a total of \$189 billion next year, bringing the total cost for the war so far to over \$800 billion. Yet, the President has never proposed any way to offset this massive spending; instead, sinking our Nation deeper into debt.

This Democratic Congress and the American public have a different set of priorities. We believe in being fiscally responsible and implemented a pay-asyou-go system to stop piling debt on the backs of our Nation's children. That is why our children's health legislation, which helps 10 million children receive the health care coverage they deserve, is fully paid for.

Madam Speaker, the President's fiscal priorities are irresponsible and misplaced. He should be reducing the amount we are spending in Iraq so that we can again invest in domestic priorities, like children's health care.

NEED FOR PERMANENT R&D TAX CREDIT

(Mr. SALI asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. SALI. Madam Speaker, global competition is a fundamental reality of today's economy. America is doing well because we offer the highest quality products in the world. Only by staying

on the leading edge of technology and innovation will our competitive edge stay sharp. Our competitive advantage will diminish unless our companies have the ability to perform research and develop the technology improvements that keep America out front. That is why we need a permanent R&D tax credit.

One recent study found that R&D credit teases out nearly \$3 of additional R&D investment for every \$1 of taxes companies can deduct. In addition, it has been estimated that more than three-quarters of R&D tax credit dollars are used for the compensation of employees who work in U.S.-based research and development.

In my home State of Idaho, roughly 35,000 people are employed in the high-tech industry. The companies where they work depend on the best possible research and development. It is hard for firms to plan for future growth when a key tax credit is destined to expire at the end of the year.

Madam Speaker, it is time to make the R&D tax credit permanent.

SCHIP VERSUS SPENDING IN IRAQ

(Mr. SARBANES asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SARBANES. Madam Speaker, once again, we have a vivid, vivid example of this President's misplaced priorities. Earlier this month, the President vetoed the Children's Health Insurance Program, which would have extended private health insurance coverage to 10 million children in this country at a reasonable investment of \$35 billion over a 5-year period. It costs too much, the President said. We can't afford it. Yet, last week the President requested additional funding for this misadventure in Iraq to the tune of \$189 billion. We can't find money for children and health care in this country, but we can find, apparently, endless supplies of dollars to fund the war in Iraq.

Madam Speaker, this President on this issue and on many other issues is gravely out of touch with the American people.

MAKE PERMANENT THE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT TAX CREDIT

(Mr. WALBERG asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. WALBERG. Madam Speaker, in my home State of Michigan, we have hit some hard times, and recently things have become worse as Michigan's Governor and tax-hiking State legislators inflicted a massive tax increase on the people of Michigan.

While in Congress, I am going to do all I can to aid Michigan's comeback, providing incentives for manufacturers and their employees to innovate, grow and expand. For example, American

auto manufacturers spend \$20 billion a year on research and development, and such investment and innovation among American automakers should be encouraged.

One positive step Congress can immediately take to continue similar innovation is to make permanent the research and development tax credit. This legislation would keep high-tech, high-paying jobs in America by maintaining important incentives and enable American companies to grow, become more competitive globally, and ultimately result in additional high-paying American jobs.

I urge my colleagues to support H.R. 2138, the research and development tax credit, and encourage further investment and growth in our great Nation.

DEMOCRATS MAKE CHANGES TO ADDRESS REPUBLICAN CON-CERNS AND IT IS STILL NOT ENOUGH

(Ms. LORETTA SANCHEZ of California asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. LORETTA SANCHEZ of California. Madam Speaker, the children's health insurance legislation passed by the House last month was a bipartisan bill that provided health care coverage to 10 million American children. Although it received overwhelming support from the American people, from 43 Governors, and a veto-proof majority in the Senate, the majority of House Republicans rejected it and said they had specific concerns.

To address their concerns, House Democrats met with Republicans and introduced a revised SCHIP bill last week. We clarified three key points. One, there wasn't any possibility of higher income families being eligible; two, it further clarified that immigrants without documents would not have access to the program; and, three, it phased out over 1 year the coverage of childless adults.

But, Madam Speaker, Republicans in this body just can't take yes for an answer. Even after addressing their concerns in this revised bill, many of our colleagues still insisted on standing with President Bush, instead of with working American families.

IN SUPPORT OF A PERMANENT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT TAX CREDIT

(Mr. SMITH of Nebraska asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. SMITH of Nebraska. Madam Speaker, I rise today in support of a permanent research and development tax credit. We are the strongest Nation on Earth, in large part because of the innovation inspired through research and development. This has been a driving force through our history, leading us to discoveries which add convenience, comfort and productivity to our lives.